



Bilkent University
Department of Mathematics

PROBLEM OF THE MONTH

July-August 2023

Problem:

Find the minimal value of

$$\frac{(a^2 + b^2 + 2c^2 + 3d^2)(2a^2 + 3b^2 + 6c^2 + 6d^2)}{(a + b)^2(c + d)^2}$$

where a, b, c, d are positive real numbers.

Solution: Answer: 6 .

It follows from Cauchy-Schwarz inequality that

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^2 + b^2 + 2c^2 + 3d^2)(6c^2 + 6d^2 + 3b^2 + 2a^2) \\ & \geq 6(ad + bc + ac + bd)^2 = 6(a(c + d) + b(c + d))^2 = 6(a + b)^2(c + d)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{(a^2 + b^2 + 2c^2 + 3d^2)(2a^2 + 3b^2 + 6c^2 + 6d^2)}{(a + b)^2(c + d)^2} \geq 6.$$

Now note that the value 6 achieves when

$$(a, b, c, d) = \left(\sqrt[4]{6}, \sqrt[4]{\frac{27}{2}}, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}, 1 \right).$$

We are done.