

Bilkent University Department of Mathematics

PROBLEM OF THE MONTH

May 2020

Problem:

Let \mathbb{Z}^+ be the set of all positive integers. For each function $f: \mathbb{Z}^+ \to \mathbb{Z}^+$ and $\ell \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ let f_ℓ be a composite function $\underbrace{f \circ f \circ \cdots \circ f}_{\ell \text{ times}}$. Find all functions $f: \mathbb{Z}^+ \to \mathbb{Z}^+$ satisfying

$$(n-1)^{2020} < \prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n) < n^{2020} + n^{2019}$$

for each $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

Solution: Answer: The only function is f(n) = n. The proof is by induction over n.

If n = 1, then we get $0 < \prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(1) < 2$. Therefore, $\prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(1) = 1$. Then $f(1) = f_1(1) = 1$. Assume that f(k) = k for all k < n.

If $f(n) \le n - 1$, then for each $\ell \ge 1$ we get $f_{\ell}(n) = f(n) \le n - 1$ and $(n - 1)^{2020} < \prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n) \le (n - 1)^{2020}$, a contradiction.

If $f(n) \ge n + 1$, we have

$$n^{2020} + n^{2019} > \prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n) = f(n) \prod_{\ell=2}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n) \ge (n+1) \prod_{\ell=2}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n).$$

Thus, we have $n^{2019} > \prod_{\ell=2}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n)$. Then, we can find l with $2 \leq l \leq 2020$ such that $f_{\ell}(n) < n$. Let s be the smallest such ℓ . Then, we have $f_{s-1}(n) \geq n$ and $f_{s}(n) < n$. Let $q = f_{s-1}(n)$. Then $\prod_{i=1}^{2020} f_{i}(q) \leq (q-1)^{2020}$ and we get a contradiction with the inequality $(n-1)^{2020} < \prod_{\ell=1}^{2020} f_{\ell}(n)$ at n = q:

$$(q-1)^{2020} < \prod_{i=1}^{2020} f_i(q) \le (q-1)^{2020}.$$

Therefore, f(n) = n.